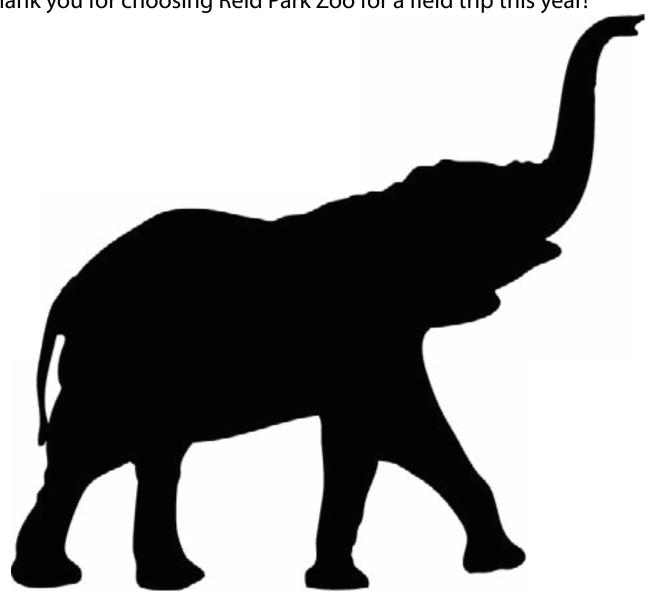
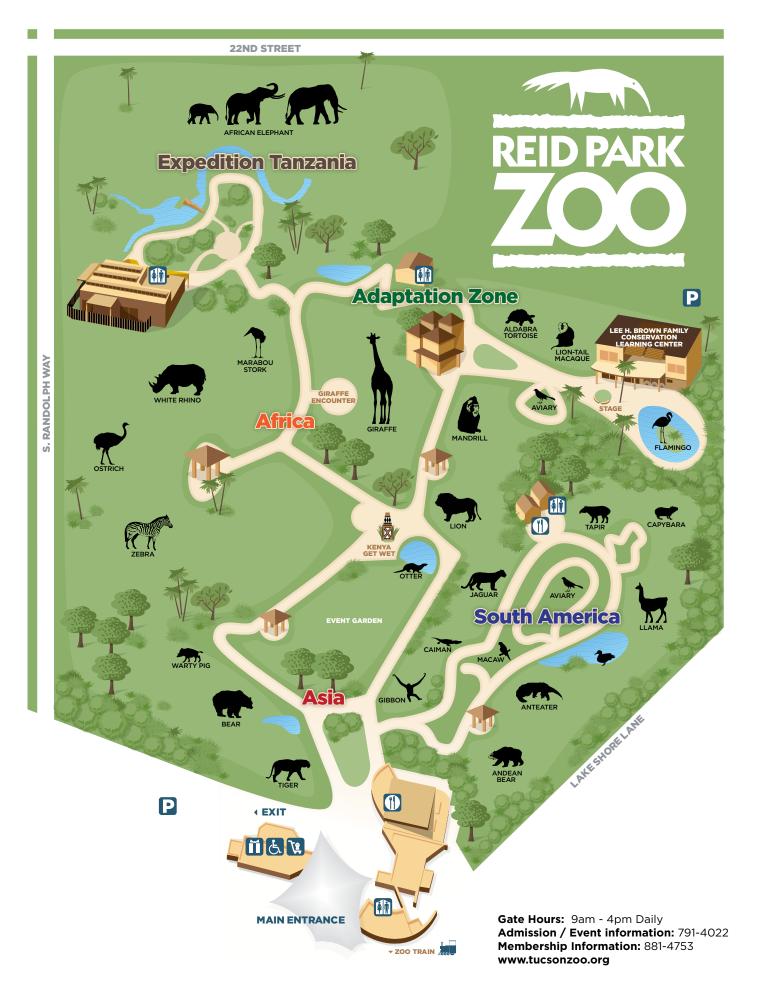


Zoo Activity Packet Grades 3-5

Thank you for choosing Reid Park Zoo for a field trip this year!







Thank you for volunteering to chaperone your child's class trip to the Reid Park Zoo. Below is a list of guidelines to review with your group to ensure a safe and fun trip!

Please know the names of all students in your group. You must keep your group of students with you at ALL TIMES when at the Zoo.

In the event that a student becomes separated from your group, please bring the rest of your group to the front gate and alert front gate staff. Please stay with your group at the front gate until Zoo staff returns the separated student to your group.

Please review and enforce the following Zoo guidelines with your students.

- Do not feed any of the animals. All Zoo animals are on special diets.
- Stay on walkways.
- Do not cross over, under, or climb on any guardrails.
- Please pick up your own trash.
- Do not throw any object into any animal enclosure. This can be very dangerous for the animals.
- Please walk when touring around the zoo.
- Please review and use the Zoo activities provided by your child's teacher.
- Please encourage the students in your group to actively participate in these activities by asking them questions and encouraging them to come up with their own questions and answers.
- Encourage your group to ask Zoo docents questions and to explore the artifacts at each docent station.

For your convenience, Zoo maps may be picked up at the information booth located inside the Zoo entrance.

We hope you and your group enjoy your trip to the Zoo and we appreciate your assistance in making your experience fun and safe.





What is a Bio Bag?

A Bio Bag is an easy-to-use tool that helps teachers focus and enhance a self-guided zoo tour for their students. Each Bio Bag is filled with artifacts that focus on animal adaptations, animal diets, and habitats. Information sheets provide instruction and additional information on each artifact.

How do I reserve a Bio Bag for my next trip?

It's easy! Contact the Zoo's Education Department at 837-8200. When calling, please be ready to provide us with the date and time of your upcoming field trip so we can have a Bio Bag waiting for you at the front gate when you arrive with your class.

If you would like to explore the contents of a Bio Bag to prepare for an upcoming field trip, please call 837-8200 to arrange a time to meet with one of our educators.



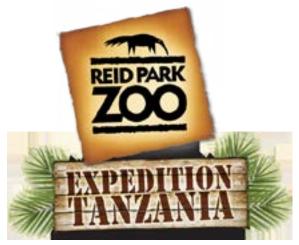
Math at the Zoo? Of course. Math is everywhere! Using the Zoo as a guide, calculate a solution to each problem.

guide, calculate a solution to each proble	m.
1. The Zoo's elephants EACH eat 75 pounds of elephants at the Zoo. How many pounds of he elephants per day? How many pounds per we	ay does the Zoo need to to feed its
pounds per day	pounds per week
2. You could fit 24 chicken eggs into one ostric ostrich at the Zoo. If each ostrich lays 2 eggs, lequal? Hint: all the Zoo's ostrich are female.	
3. A pound of meat for the tigers costs \$0.85. I per week. There are tigers at the Zoo. H to feed the tigers each day?	
4. Each giraffe eats 3 pounds of oats per day. T pounds of oats does the Zoo feed its giraffes p	
5. An otter can eat 2 pounds of smelt (a small otters at the Zoo. If there are 35 smelt per pouneed to feed its otters each day.	•



Scientist's Observation Form

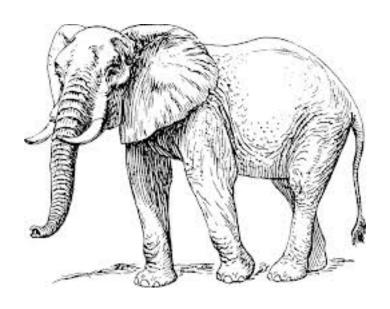
Scientist's Name	-
Today's Date	-
I looked at	
Here is a picture of what I saw:	
I noticed:	
I wonder:	



Scavenger Hunt

Journey to the Zoo's elephant exhibit to discover the answers to these clues.

What is the name of the biggest elephant in this exhibit?	
What kind of python might you find in Africa?	
How long is an elephant's stride?	
Who in your group has the longest stride?	- Coles Col back
What are two types of animals that an elephant herd might wa	nt to avoid in the wild?
1.))
What high-tech tool could a scientist use to track an elephant is	in the wild?
What are two things that Reid Park Zoo provides for its elepha comfortable and healthy?	ants in this exhibit to make sure they are
1.)	
2)	





Taking A Closer Look

Before you begin, make a prediction about which of the behaviors below you think you will see the most. Next, choose one lar gibbon to observe for two minutes. Place a tally mark next to each behavior you observe within that minute. After you have recorded all the behaviors, place your results on the bar graph on the next page. Review your prediction to see if it matches your results.

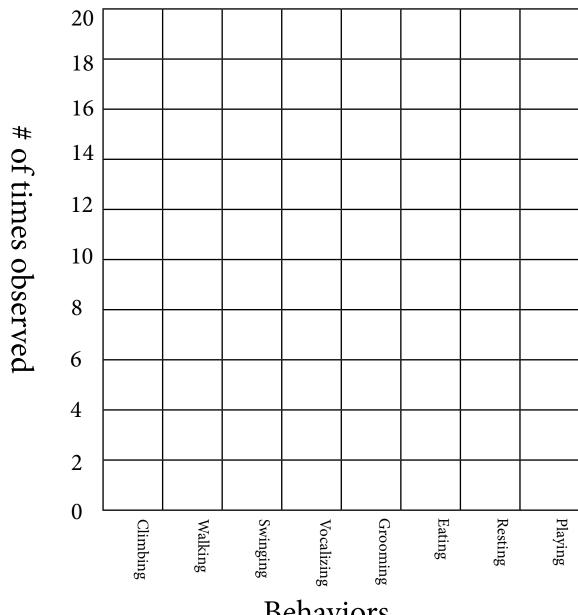
Behavior predicted to see most:	
1	

Time (min:sec)

Behaviors	00:10	00:20	00:30	00:40	00:50	1:00	1:10	1:20	1:30	1:40	1:50	2:00
1 Climbing												
2 Walking												
3 Swinging												
4 Vocalizing												
1 vocuments												
5 Grooming												
6 Eating												
7 Docting												
7 Resting												
8 Playing												



Taking A Closer Look Sheet 2



Behaviors

Predicted behavior from sheet 1: Actual behavior observed the most:



There is so much to think about when observing a bird. A table listing things to observe will help beginning birders remember what to look for. Using Table 1 as a guide, fill out Table 2 by choosing a bird to observe at the Zoo.

Table 1

FIELD MARKS	
Size	Compare to the size of your hand, is it bigger, smaller, the same size?
Shape	Sketch the shape
Eye	Is there a stripe over the eye? An eye ring? What is the eye color?
Color and pattern	Describe colors, spots, stripes
Bill	Sketch the bill shape
Legs and Feet	Sketch the legs and feet
Tail	Sketch the tail
BEHAVIOR	
Movement on ground	Does the bird walk? run? run then stop? hop? etc.?
Movement above ground	Does it sit still in a tree? hop from branch to branch? is it flying?
Other behaviors	Is it feeding? Bathing? Preening? Nest building?
HABITAT	
General habitat	Where is this bird found in the wild?
SONG OR CALL	
Song or call description	Write anything that will help you remember the sounds.

Table 2

Bird Detective

FIELD MARKS	
Size	
Shape	
Eye	
Color and pattern	
Bill	
Legs and Feet	
Tail	
BEHAVIOR	
Movement on ground	
Movement above ground	
Other behaviors	
HABITAT	
General habitat	
SONG OR CALL	
Song or call description	